# American Indian Social Determinants of Health

#### Native American Nutrition Conference Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux Community September 26, 2016

Donald Warne, MD, MPH

Oglala Lakota

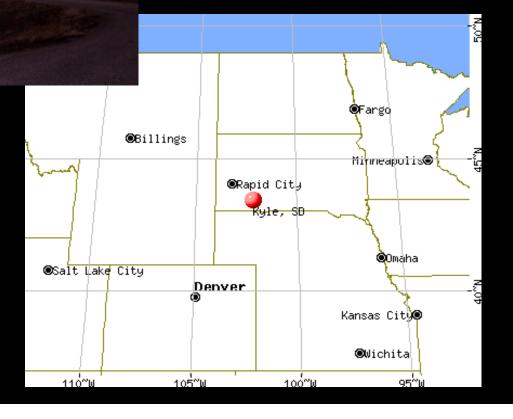
Chair, Department of Public Health

Mary J. Berg Distinguished Professor of Women's Health

#### **Traditional View of Public Health**



# Pine Ridge Reservation Kyle, S.D.











### Al Health Disparities

Average age at death in ND (2010 – 2014):

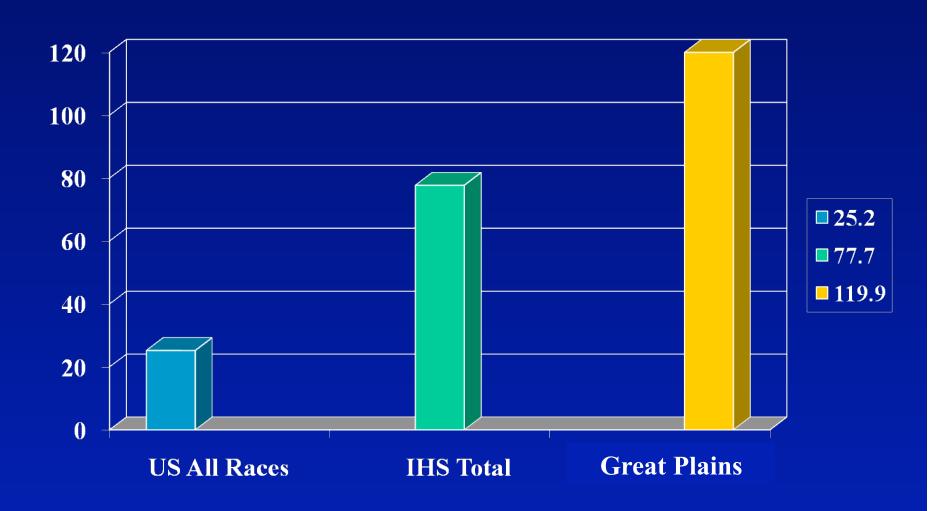
77.4 Years in the White Population

56.6 Years in the Al Population

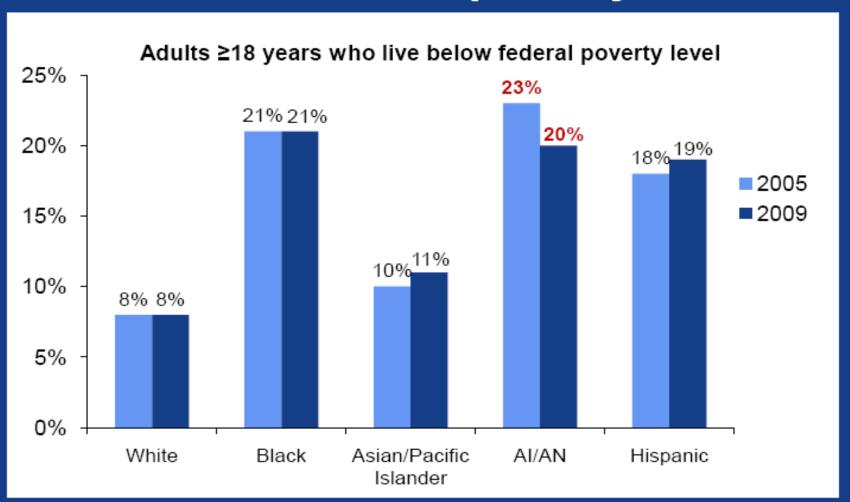
North Dakota Department of Health, Vital Statistics, 2015

### Diabetes Death Rates

(Rate/Per 100,000 Population)

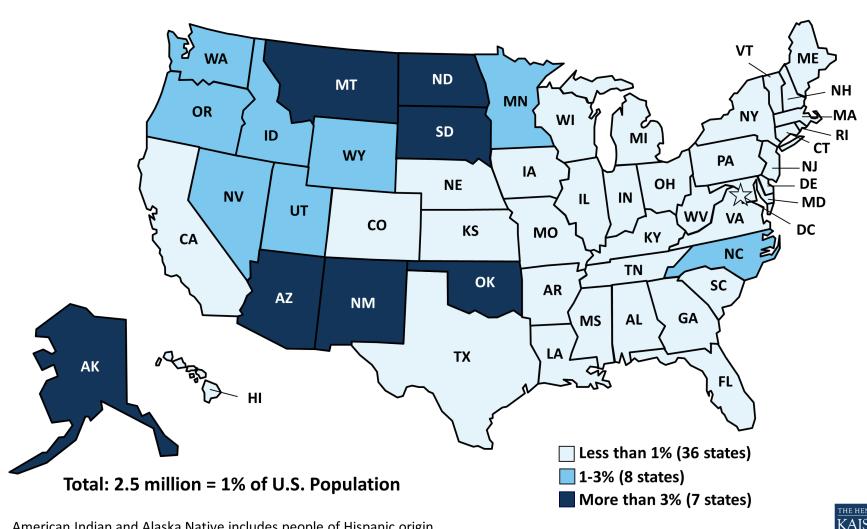


# 2.5 times as many Al/ANs as whites live below poverty level



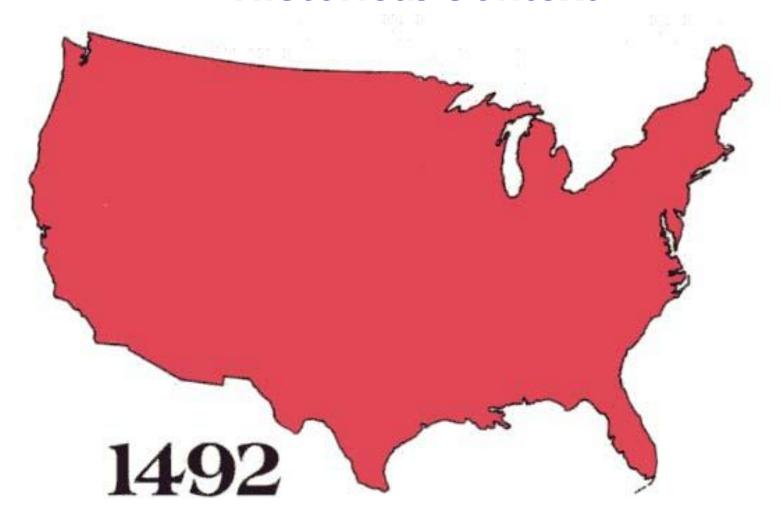
Source: CDC Health Disparities and Inequalities Report 2011, MMWR, Vo. 60

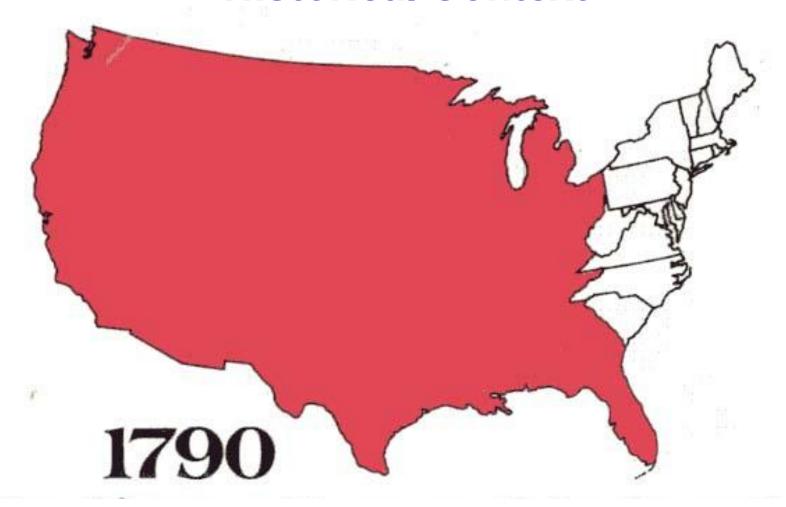
### American Indians and Alaska Natives as a Share of the Total Population, by State, 2009-2011

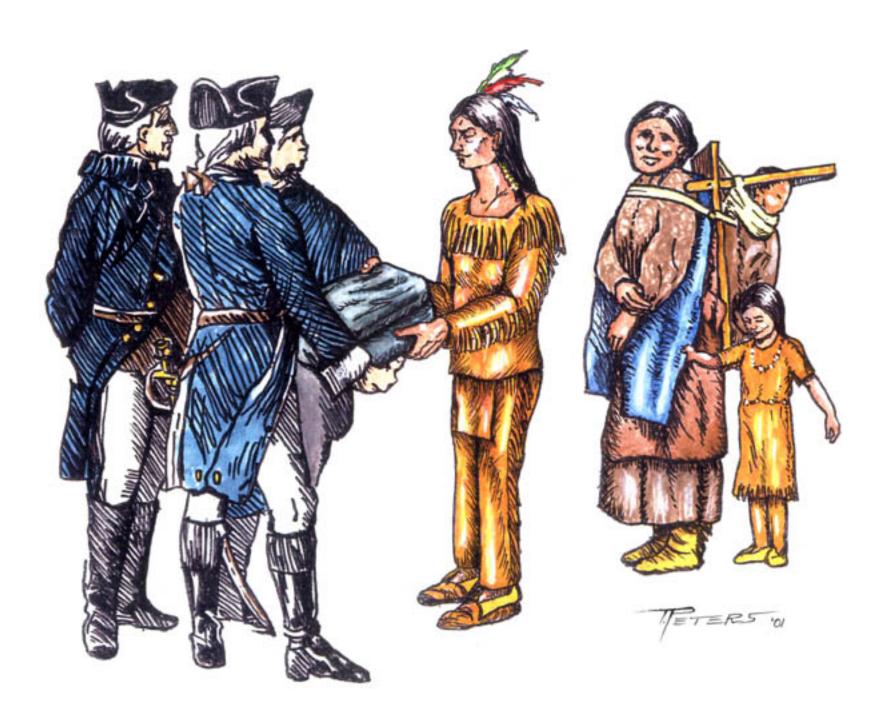


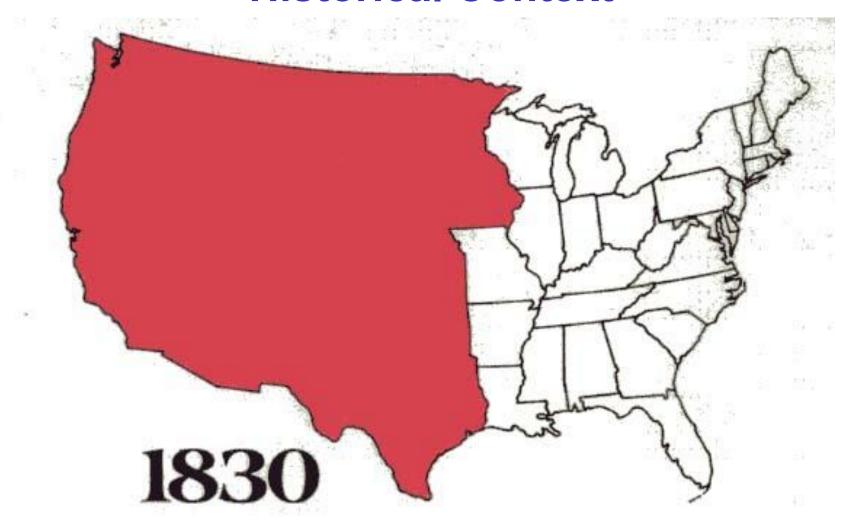
American Indian and Alaska Native includes people of Hispanic origin. SOURCE: KCMU analysis of 2009 - 2011 ACS.

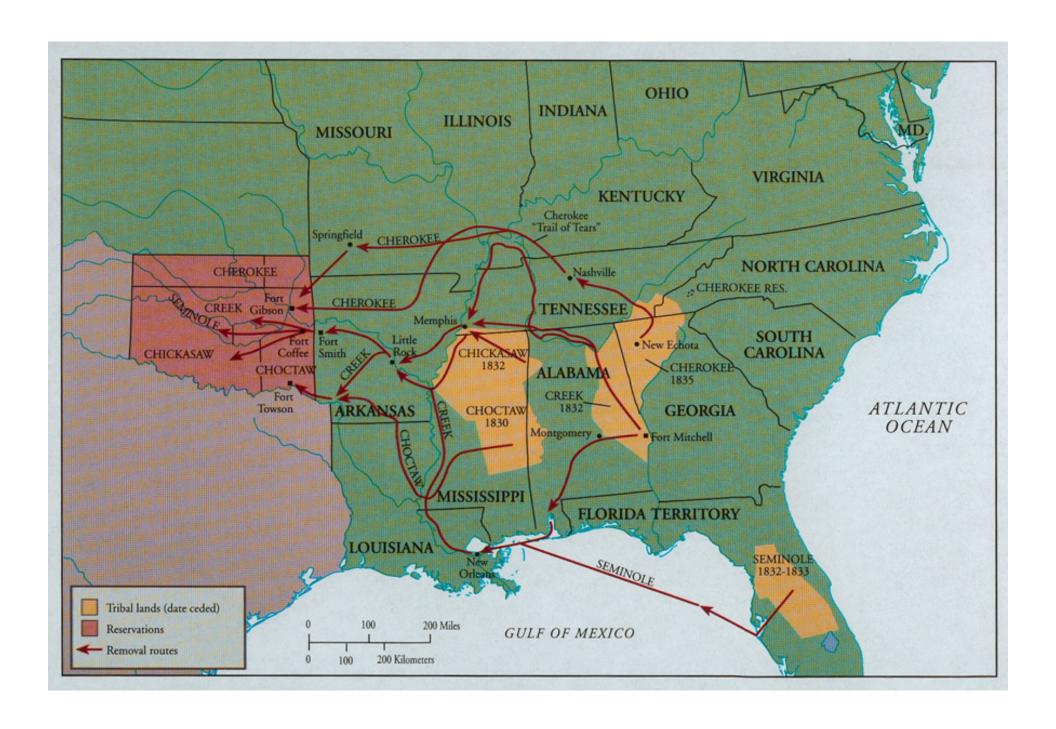


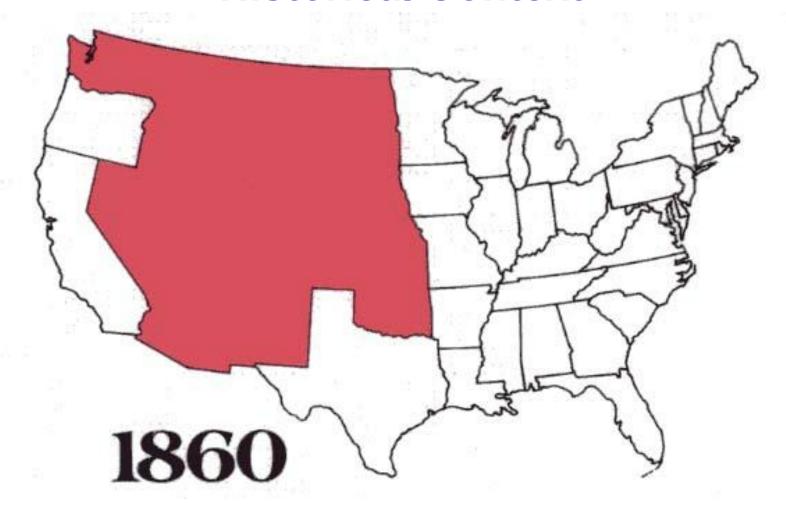




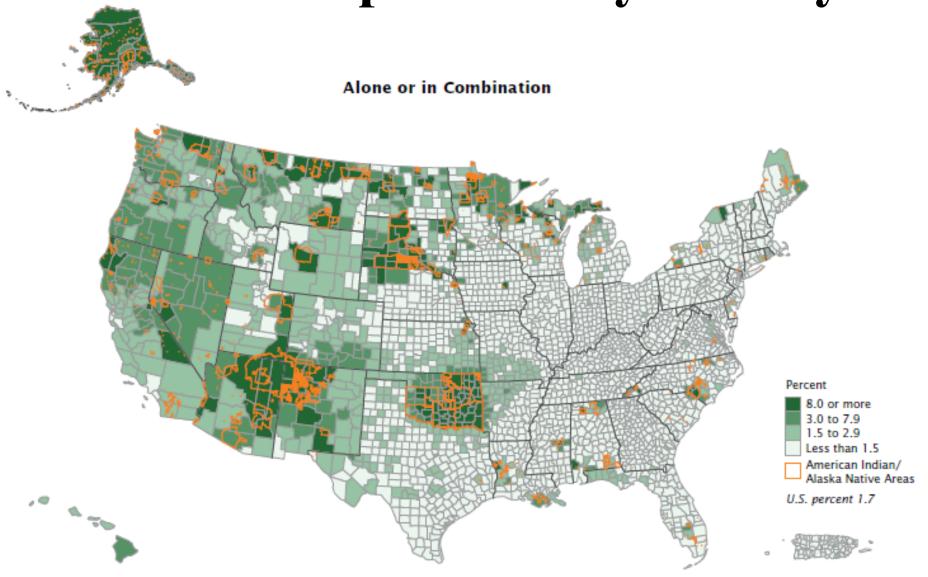






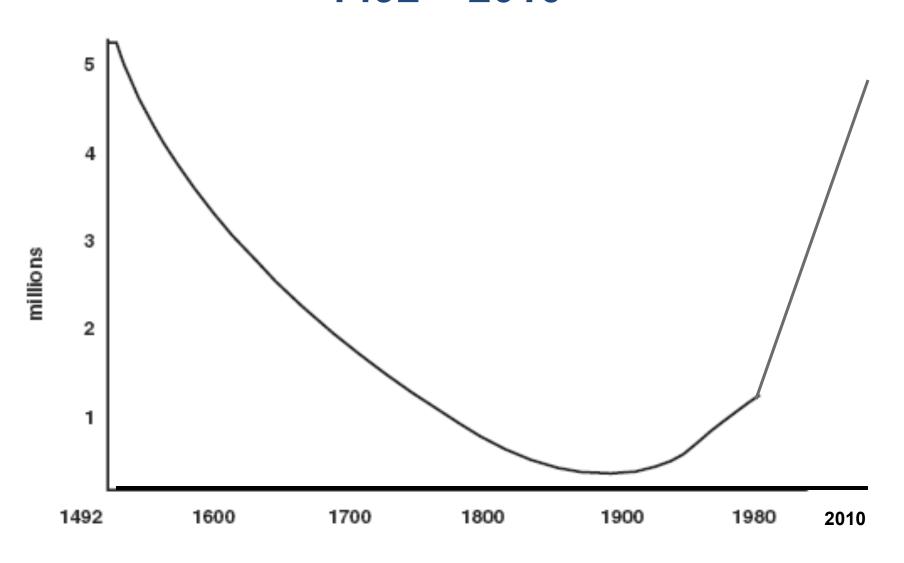


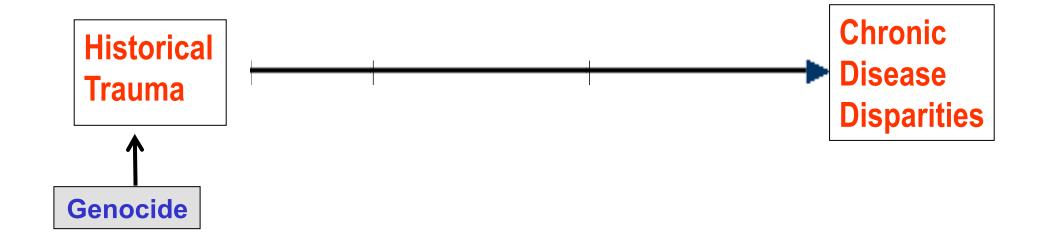
### AI/AN Population by County



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 Census Redistricting Data (Public Law 94-171) Summary File, Table P1.

# Al/AN Population Decline and Recovery, 1492 – 2010

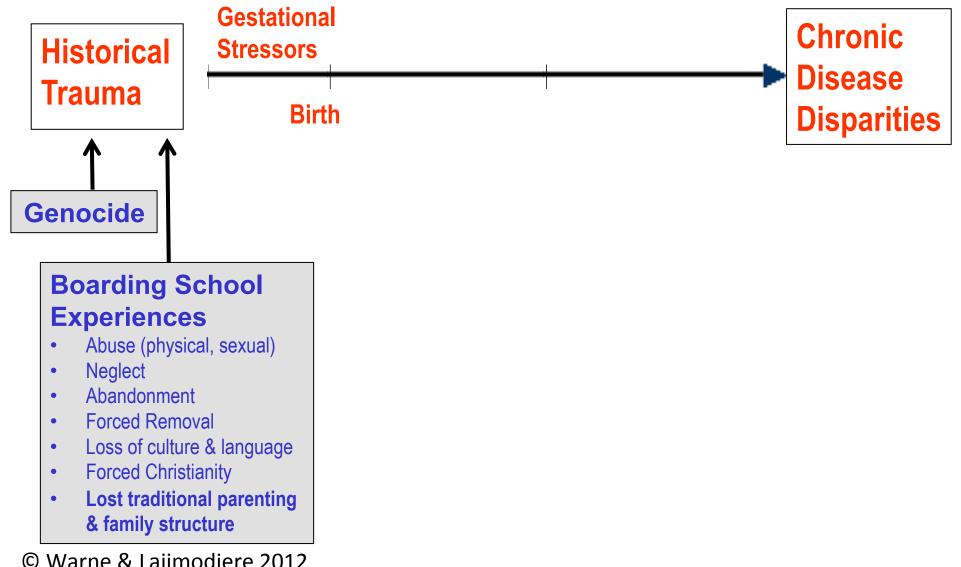




### **Epigenetics**

 Epigenetics refers to the study of changes in the regulation of gene activity and expression that are not dependent on DNA sequence.



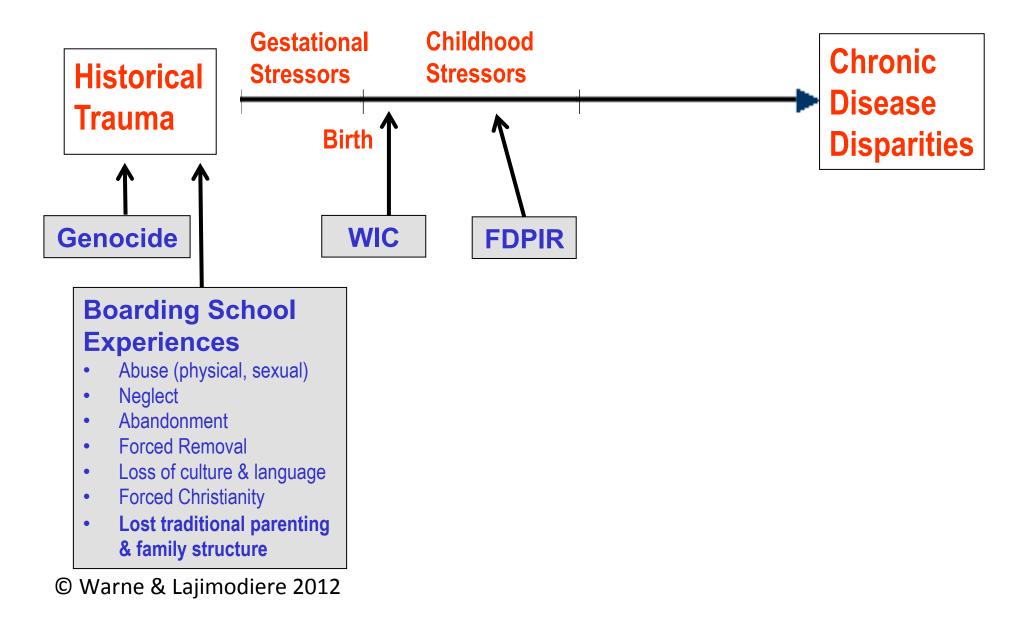


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Historical trauma is the collective emotional wounding across generations that results from massive cataclysmic events – Historically Traumatic Events (HTE)\*

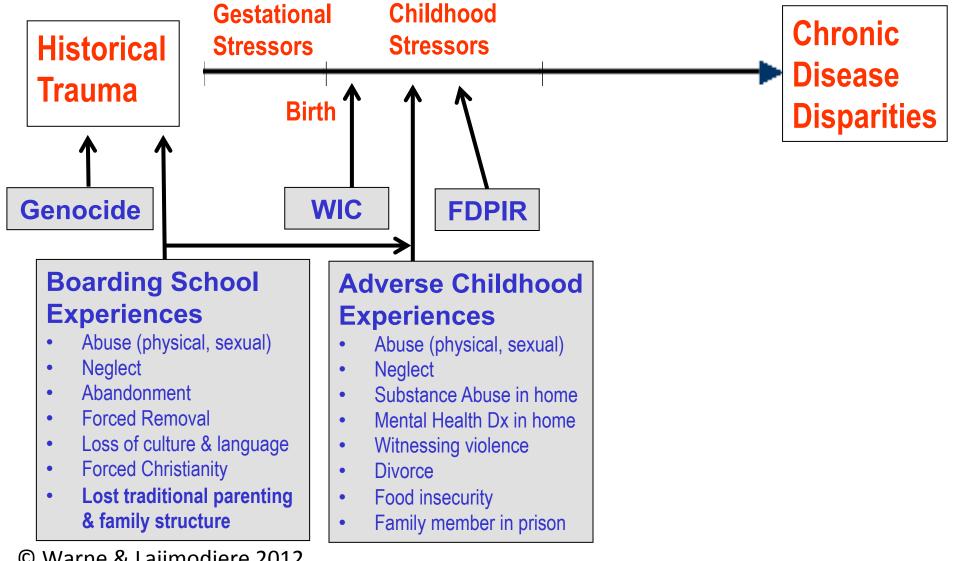


The trauma is held personally and transmitted over generations.
Thus, even family members who have not directly experienced the trauma can feel the effects of the event generations later



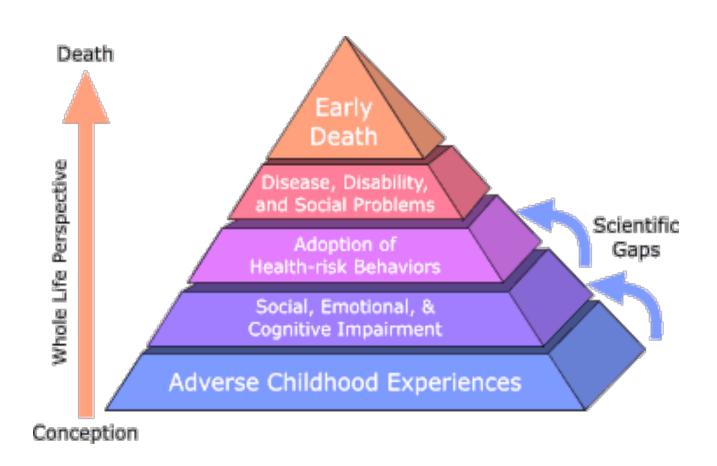






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#### **ACE Study Pyramid**



#### Impact of ACEs on Health

#### ACES can have lasting effects on....



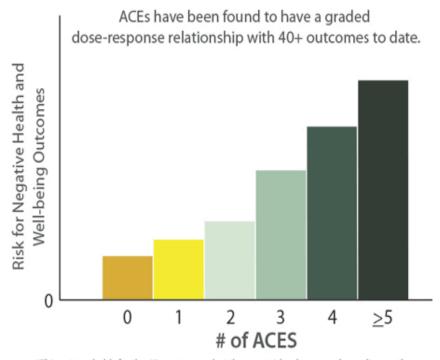
Health (obesity, diabetes, depression, suicide attempts, STDs, heart disease, cancer, stroke, COPD, broken bones)



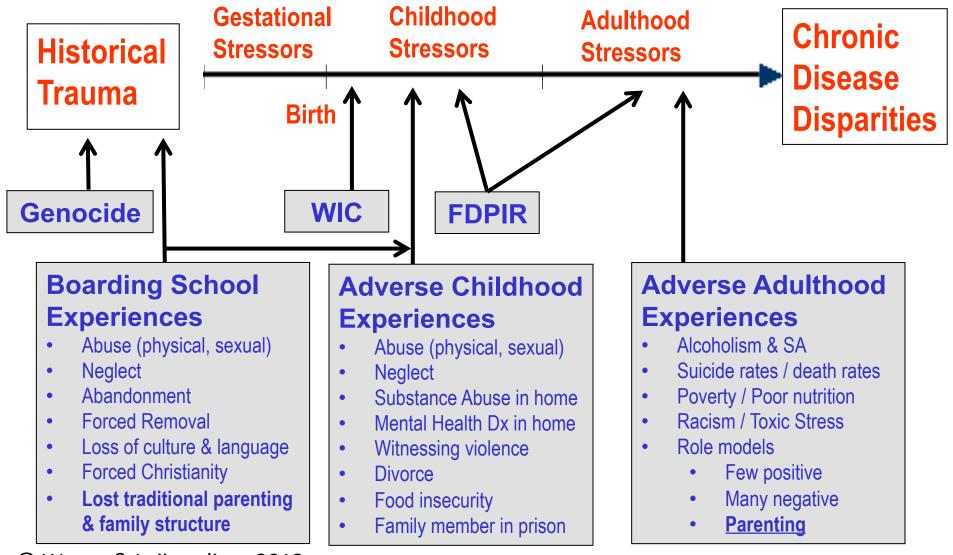
Behaviors (smoking, alcoholism, drug use)



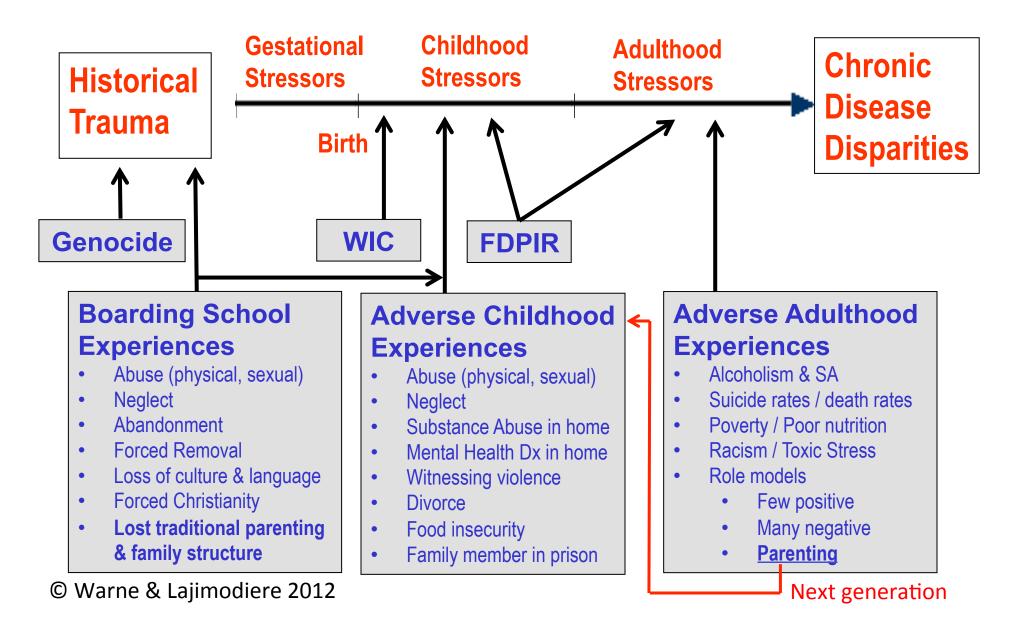
Life Potential (graduation rates, academic achievement, lost time from work)



\*This pattern holds for the 40+ outcomes, but the exact risk values vary depending on the outcome.



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### Significant Challenges

#### **Social Determinants**

- Poverty
- Trauma
- Politics
- Inattention/Neglect
- Racism
- Inequity

#### **Outcomes**

- Health Disparities
- Education Inequality
- Generational Poverty
- Ongoing Racism
- Worsening Inequity
- Suffering and Death

### Significant Challenges

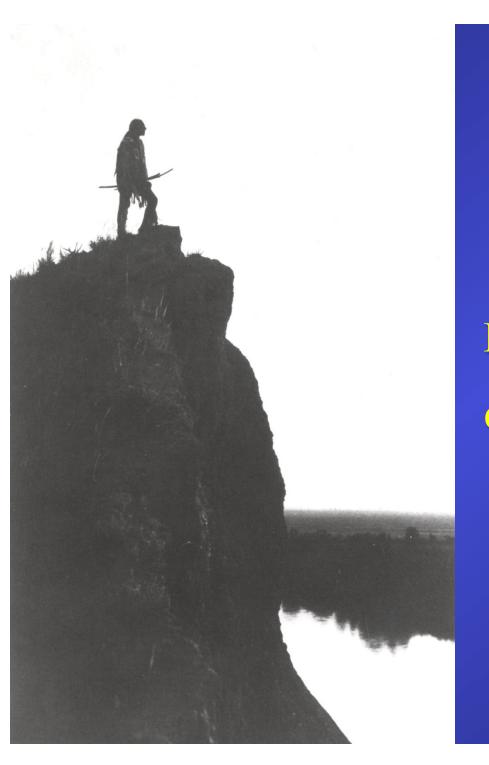
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Need to address issues in a comprehensive manner—medical, behavioral, public health...



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